



Solaris 10

Who Can Benefit

General UNIX system administrators managing heterogeneous environments (HPUX, AIX, DG-UX, Linux, Solaris OS, and so on) who have at least six months UNIX system administration experience, system administrators, network administrators, storage administrators, system engineers, and field engineers.

with Sparc Machines plus Intel both

1. Introducing the Solaris OS Directory Hierarchy <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Describe / (root) subdirectories■ Describe file components■ Describe file types■ Use hard links	2. Managing Local Disk Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Describe the basic architecture of a disk■ Describe the naming conventions for devices■ List devices■ Reconfigure devices■ Perform disk partitioning■ Manage disk labels■ Describe the Solaris Management Console■ Partition a disk by using the Solaris Management Console
3. Managing the Solaris OS File System <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Describe Solaris OS file systems■ Create a new UFS file system■ Check the file system by using the fsck command■ Resolve file system inconsistencies■ Monitor file system use	4. Performing Mounts and Unmounts <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Identify mounting fundamentals■ Perform mounts■ Perform unmounts■ Access mounted diskettes or CD-ROMs■ Restrict access to a mounted diskette or CD-ROM■ Access a diskette or CD-ROM without Volume Management

<p align="center">5. Installing the Solaris 10 Operating System</p>	<p align="center">6. Performing Solaris 10 OS Package Administration</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Identify the fundamentals of CD-ROM installation ■ Install the Solaris 10 OS from a CD-ROM ■ Identify the upgrade options for the Solaris 10 OS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Describe the fundamentals of package administration ■ Administer packages by using the command-line interface
<p align="center">7. Managing Software Patches on the Solaris 10 OS</p>	<p align="center">8. Performing Boot and Shutdown Procedures</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Describe the fundamentals of patch administration ■ Install and remove patches 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Identify run level fundamentals ■ Identify the phases of the boot process ■ Control boot processes ■ Perform system shutdown procedures
<p align="center">9. Performing User Administration</p>	<p align="center">10. Performing System Security</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Describe user administration fundamentals ■ Manage user accounts ■ Manage initialization files 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Monitor system access ■ Switch users on a system ■ Control system access ■ Restrict access to data in files
<p align="center">11. Controlling System Processes</p>	<p align="center">12. Performing File System Backups</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ View system processes ■ Clear frozen processes ■ Schedule an automatic one-time execution of a command ■ Schedule an automatic recurring execution of a command 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Identify the fundamentals of backups ■ Back up an unmounted file system
<p align="center">13. Describing Interface Configuration</p>	<p align="center">14. Describing the Client-Server Model</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Control and monitor network interfaces ■ Configure Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) interfaces at boot time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Describe client-server processes ■ Start server processes
<p align="center">15. Solaris Management Console</p>	<p align="center">16. Managing Swap Configuration</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Describe Solaris Management Console toolbox editor actions ■ Use the Solaris Management Console toolbox editor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Describe virtual memory ■ Configure swap space
<p align="center">17. Configuring System Messaging</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Describe the fundamentals of the syslog function ■ Configure the /etc/syslog.conf file ■ Configure syslog messaging ■ Use the Solaris Management Console log viewer 	